NEGLECTED CHILDREN'S ACT 1915.

An Act to consolidate the Law relating to Neglected 6 George V., No. 2703. Children.

[6th September, 1915.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of Victoria in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say):-

commencement

1. This Act may be cited as the Neglected Children's Act 1915, and shall come into operation on the first day of October One thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and is divided into Parts as follows:-

PART I.—Establishment of Receiving Homes and Probationary Schools ss. 4-8.

PART II.—Officers ss. 9-17.

PART III.—Committal to the Care of the Department ss. 18-24. PART IV .- Management of Wards of the Department for Neglected Children ss. 25-33.

PART V.-Management of the Property of Wards of the Department ss. 34-40.

PART VI.—Visitors to Schools and Religious Instruction ss.

Part VII.—Liability of Parents for Maintenance ss. 45-60.

PART VIII.—Committal to the Care of Private Persons ss. 61 - 76.

Part IX.—Employment of Children ss. 77-79.

Part X.—Offences Penalties and Legal Proceedings ss. 80-87.

PART XI.—Regulations of the Governor in Council ss. 88-90.

Repeal.

2. The Act mentioned in the First Schedule to this Act to the rist schedule, extent to which the same is thereby expressed to be repealed is hereby repealed. Provided that such repeal shall not affect any appointment application list order complaint declaration distress order regulation or transfer made, or any certificate or security given, or any summons issued, or any warrant granted, or any surety bond recognisance or demise entered into or executed under the said Act before the commencement of this Act.

3. In the construction of this Act, unless inconsistent with the Neglected Children's Act context or the subject-matter-

"Casual employment" means employment for the purposes of Interpretation. gain in streets or other places in vending or exposing for "Casual sale any article whatsoever and also employment of any employment." other kind outside the child's own home not being employment the lawful period whereof is regulated by any Act of Parliament:

"Child" is applicable to any person under the age of twenty- "Child."

"Inmate" includes inmate within the meaning of the Acts "Inmate." relating to neglected and criminal children in force at the passing of this Act:

"The Inspector" means the Inspector of Industrial and "The Probationary Schools:

"The Minister" means the responsible Minister of the Crown "The Minister." administering this Act:

"The Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department for "The Neglected Children:

"Ward of the Department" means any one of whose person "ward of the the secretary or the superintendent or matron of any Department." reformatory school is guardian under the provisions of this Act or any Act for the time being in force relating to juvenile offenders:

"Ward of the Department for Neglected Children" means any "ward of the one of whose person the secretary is guardian under the preparation of provisions of this Act.

provisions of this Act.

The effect (if any) on the construction of this Act of the enactments effect of contained in Part II. of the Marriage Act 1915 shall be the same as if provisions in marriage Act and a same as if provisions in the contract and have proceed after the contract to the contr such enactments had been passed after the commencement of this Act. relating to guardianship and custody of

PART I.—ESTABLISHMENT OF RECEIVING HOMES AND PROBATIONARY Schools.

4. The Governor in Council may from time to time for the purposes receiving of this Act establish and abolish receiving homes and every such homes. receiving home shall be occupied by and used for males or females Ib. s.4. exclusively as the Governor in Council directs save that boys under the age of six years may be sent to receiving homes occupied and used for females.

5. The Governor in Council may from time to time for the purposes Probationary of this Act establish and abolish probationary schools and every such schools. school shall be occupied by and used for males or females exclusively Ib. e. 5. as the Governor in Council directs.

6. Any school established by private contributions and heretofore industrial approved by the Governor in Council under section nine of the Act schools No. 216 as an industrial school shall unless and until such approval private person under Act No. is withdrawn be deemed an industrial school within the meaning of 216 s. 9. this Act for the denomination or denominations (if any) for which the 10. s. c. school is stated to be supported in the order approving the same, and any person for the time being approved by the Governor in Council for that purpose shall be deemed the superintendent or matron of such

school, and no child shall be sent or committed to such school who is not a member of the denomination or of one of the denominations for which the school is approved.

State aid to private indus-trial schools. Ib. s. 7.

7. The managers of every school established by private contributions and approved by the Governor in Council as aforesaid as an industrial school shall be entitled to receive out of any moneys which may be appropriated by Parliament for that purpose for every ward of the Department for Neglected Children under the provisions of this Act maintained in such school during the preceding year or any part thereof a sum calculated at the rate of not more than Five shillings a week, or in case such ward is crippled or invalid or of unsound mind at such greater rate as the Minister approves.

8. If at any time upon the report of the Inspector the Governor in private industrial school Council is dissatisfied with the condition management or regulations those withdrawn of any school established by private contributions he may withdraw his approval from such school, and from and after publication of such withdrawal in the Government Gazette the school shall cease to be an industrial school within the meaning of this Act and to be entitled to receive aid from the consolidated revenue. Provided nevertheless that the Governor in Council shall not withdraw his approval of any school as aforesaid until after the lapse of two months from the transmission of a duplicate of the report aforesaid to the superintendent matron or managers of such school.

PART II.—OFFICERS.

Secretary. Ib. s. 9.

9. The person holding the office of Secretary of the Department for Neglected Children at the commencement of this Act shall unless and until removed in accordance with the provisions of the Public Service Act 1915 by the Governor in Council be the Secretary of the Department for Neglected Children under this Act as if appointed hereunder, and the Governor in Council may subject to the provisions of the Public Service Act 1915 from time to time appoint some fit and proper person to be Secretary of the Department for Neglected Children and remove every such Secretary. It shall be the duty of the Secretary under the direction of the Minister to carry into operation the provisions of this Act so far as the execution thereof is not expressly committed to any other person.

10. The Secretary shall on or before the thirtieth of June in each year submit to the Minister a report of his proceedings and accounts of the receipts and expenditure under the powers or for the purposes of this Act during the past year, with returns showing the number of children received and discharged their ages religion parentage birthplace location and cost of maintenance and the sums contributed by relatives toward their support together with any general remarks he thinks fit to make, and there shall be annexed to such report a summary of the reports sent in by the visiting committees and reports by the superintendent matron or managers of every industrial or probationary school upon the state and requirements of such schools which such superintendents matrons and managers are hereby required to furnish to the Secretary on or before the thirty-first day of March in every year for that purpose. And the Minister shall lay such report of the Secretary with the reports annexed to it before both Houses of Neglected Children's Att Parliament within three weeks after the presentation thereof, if Parlia-Children 1890. ment is then sitting, or if not then sitting within three weeks from the next assembling of Parliament.

- 11. The person holding the office of Inspector of Industrial and The Inspector. Probationary Schools at the commencement of this Act shall unless and 16.8.11. until removed in accordance with the provisions of the Public Service Act 1915 by the Governor in Council be the Inspector of Industrial and Probationary Schools under this Act as if appointed hereunder, and the Governor in Council may subject to the provisions of the Public Service Act 1915 from time to time appoint some fit and proper person to be Inspector of Industrial and Probationary Schools and remove every such Inspector.
- 12. It shall be the duty of the Inspector to visit and inspect Duties of Inspector. every industrial and probationary school and receiving home as often as Inspector occasion may require, and not less often than the Governor in Council by regulation directs and when specially required by the Minister any house or place where any ward of the Department for Neglected Children is boarded out or placed, and to report to the Minister thereon and upon all matters connected therewith, and the Inspector shall have control over any officers appointed to visit such wards in such houses or places.
- 13. Subject to the provisions of the Public Service Act 1915 the superintendents Governor in Council may from time to time appoint for every proband matrons
 time my school for males a grant to do to a support to a tionary school for males a superintendent, and for every probationary school for females a matron, and may remove every such superintendent and matron; and it shall be the duty of the superintendent and matron of every such school to carry into execution all the provisions of this Act and the regulations in force thereunder so far as the same relate to such school and the wards of the Department for Neglected Children for the time being detained there.
- 14. It shall be the duty of the teachers officers and servants of Teachers officers every industrial and probationary school to obey all lawful and reasonnb. s. 14. able orders and directions of the superintendent or matron (as the case may be) in the execution of this Act.
- 15. All appointments and removals to be made by the Governor Application of in Council under the powers contained in this Act shall be made sub- Service Act. ject to the provisions of the Public Service Act 1915 or any Act for the r. s. 15. time being in force relating to the public service.
- 16. In case of the absence on leave or temporary incapacity of any Powerto appoint officer appointed under the provisions of this Act or under any corresting ponding provision previously in force the Governor in Council may 16. s. 16. appoint some fit and proper person to act in his stead, and every such person when so acting may exercise all the powers and duties of the officer in whose place such person is appointed.
- 17. All courts judges and persons acting judicially shall take Judicial notice judicial notice of the signature of the Minister the Secretary the signatures.

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Inspector and of any superintendent or matron or clerk of a court or of any person acting in any of such offices to every document required to be signed for the purposes of this Act or any Act hereby repealed.

PART III.—COMMITTAL TO THE CARE OF THE DEPARTMENT.

What children to be deemed Ib. s. 18.

- 18. Every child who answers to any of the following descriptions shall be deemed a "neglected child" within the meaning of this Act, that is to say every child apparently under the age of seventeen
 - (1) Found begging or receiving alms or being in any street or public place for the purpose of begging or receiving
 - (2) Found wandering about or frequenting any street thoroughfare tavern or place of public resort or sleeping in the open air and who has not any home or settled place of abode or any visible means of subsistence:
 - (3) Associating or dwelling with any person known or reputed to be a thief or drunkard or with any person convicted of vagrancy under any Act now or hereafter to be in force whether the person so known reputed or convicted is the parent of the child or not :

(4) Having committed an offence punishable by some less punishment than imprisonment:

and every child apparently under the age of ten years found engaged in any casual employment during the months of May June July August or September after the hour of seven o'clock in the evening, or at any other part of the year after the hour of nine o'clock in the evening.

Neglected children may be taken before children's court. Ib. s. 19.

19. Every child found by any member of the police force or person authorized by the Governor in Council in circumstances which make such child a "neglected child" may be immediately apprehended by such member or person without any warrant and forthwith taken before a children's court to be dealt with according to this Act, and until the charge is heard and disposed of such child shall be detained under such care and in such manner as may be provided by regulations made or in force hereunder or by the Children's Court Act 1915.(a)

Neglected children how Ib. s. 20.

20. Whenever any child is brought before a children's court charged with being a "neglected child" the court shall proceed to hear the charge, and if it is established to its satisfaction may direct such child to be forthwith committed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children, or if in the opinion of such court such child has been leading an immoral or depraved life to a reformatory school, or may direct such child to be released on probation as provided by the Children's Court Act 1915.

(a) It is illegal and beyond the jurisdiction of a magistrate to remand a child, who has been arrested as a neglected child, to the care of the Neglected Children's Department at Royal Park, with the object of securing her and preventing

her from being tampered with as a witness, there being no intention of proceeding with the charge laid against her of being a neglected child .-McSweeney v. Haggar, 17 A.L.R, 70; 1911 V.L.R., 130.

21. Every child apparently under the age of sixteen years found reglected Children's Act (by any senior constable sergeant of police or officer of police of superior Children's 1800 s. 21. grade to a sergeant or by any person specially authorized by the child residing Governor in Council in that behalf) residing in a brothel or associating in a brothel or dwelling with a prostitute whether the mother of the child or not to be taken before children's shall be immediately apprehended by such constable sergeant or officer court. or person without any warrant, and forthwith taken before a children's court to be dealt with according to the provisions of the next succeeding section or may be released on probation as provided by the Children's Court Act 1915.

- 22. Whenever any child apparently under the age of sixteen How dealt with. years is brought before a children's court charged with residing in a 1b. c. 20brothel or associating or dwelling with a prostitute whether the mother of the child or not the court shall proceed to hear the said charge, and if the same is established to its satisfaction shall direct such child forthwith to be committed to a reformatory school, or if in the opinion of such court such child has not been leading an immoral or depraved life to the care of the Department for Neglected Children. Provided always that in case special and exceptional circumstances are proved which satisfy the court that it would be inadvisable to commit such child, the court may order such child to be discharged.
- 23. If the guardian of any child under the age of fifteen years Powerto commit represents to a children's court and proves to its satisfaction that he to the care of is unable to control such child such court may order that upon such a child who is not controllable guardian entering into security to the satisfaction of the clerk of the by its guardian. court for payment of such sum as such court may fix for the mainten- 15. 2.28. ance of such child such child be committed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children, and if in pursuance of such order such guardian enter into such security the clerk of the court shall sign a memorandum upon such order to that effect and thereupon the child named in such order shall be deemed to be committed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children, and for the purpose of determining whether such child has been duly committed to the care of the Department such memorandum shall be conclusive evidence that the security has been duly given to the satisfaction of the clerk of the court. The word "guardian" in this section includes the father as natural guardian or the mother in case the child has neither father nor guardian.
- 24. Every order committing a child to the care of the Department Form of order for Neglected Children or to a reformatory school may be in such one child to the care of the forms in the Second Schedule hereto as may be applicable of the Department or or in any form which may be substituted therefor by the regula- a reformatory tions of the Governor in Council for the time being in force or to 10.8.24. the like effect, and such order or an office copy thereof without any Schedule. warrant shall be sufficient authority for any member of the police force to take such child to the reformatory school named therein, or in case of a child committed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children to the place to which the Secretary directs such child to be taken, or in default of any such direction to such receiving home for children of the same age and sex as is nearest or most convenient.

PART IV.—MANAGEMENT OF WARDS OF THE DEPARTMENT FOR NEGLECTED CHILDREN.

Neglected Children's Act 1890 s. 25. Secretary to be guardian of the person of children committed to the care of the Department.

25. Whenever any child is committed or transferred to the care of the Department for Neglected Children under the provisions of this or any other Act for the time being in force authorizing such committal or transfer, the Secretary shall become the guardian^(a) of the person of such child to the exclusion of the father and every other guardian until such child attains the age of eighteen years or such greater age not exceeding twenty years as the Governor in Council may direct unless such child is sooner discharged, and the Secretary shall as such guardian have the sole right to the custody of such child and shall deal with such child as directed by this Act and the regulations of the Governor in Council in force hereunder.

Guardianship of children while detained in industrial schools, Ib. s. 28. 26. While any ward of the Department for Neglected Children is detained in any industrial or probationary school the superintendent or matron of such school may exercise the powers of the Secretary as guardian of the person of such ward.

Method of transferring child from the care of the Department to a reformatory. Ib. s. 27. 27. Whenever any ward of the Department for Neglected Children is desired to be transferred to a reformatory school the Secretary may write or cause to be written on the order committing such ward to the care of the Department for Neglected Children or if such ward has been transferred from a reformatory school the order committing such ward to a reformatory school or an office copy thereof respectively a memorandum to the following effect:—"I recommend that A.B. within named be transferred to the reformatory school at (describing the school)" and may sign such memorandum and the Minister may write or cause to be written after such memorandum the word "approved" together with the date and may sign the same and thereupon such ward shall be deemed to be transferred to such reformatory school.

Warrant not to be necessary to detain child. Ib. s. 28. 28. No warrant shall be necessary to authorize the detention of any ward of the Department for Neglected Children but if the right to the custody of such ward is called in question by habeas corpus or otherwise it shall be sufficient to give in evidence the order committing such ward to the care of the Department for Neglected Children and in case such ward has been transferred from a reformatory school the order committing such ward to a reformatory school and the order or orders transferring such ward and to show that such ward is detained by the authority of the Secretary as guardian of the person of such ward.

Power to the Governor in Council to discharge any ward of the Department. Ib. s. 29.

29. The Governor in Council may at any time order any ward of the Department for Neglected Children to be discharged and thereupon the Secretary shall cease to be guardian of the person of such ward.

under the regulations as framed demand the child back.—In re Kay, ex parte Davis, 29 V.L.R., 685. See note to section 30. 30. Subject to the regulations of the Governor in Council every Neglected ward of the Department for Neglected Children may from time to time 1800. Children's Act be dealt with by the Secretary in one or other of the following ways:— Wards of the

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Wards of the Department fo Neglected Children how

- (1) Placed in some receiving home:
- (2) Boarded out with some suitable person:
- (3) Placed at service with some suitable person:
- (4) Apprenticed to some trade either on land or at sea:
- (5) Placed in the custody of some suitable person who may be willing to take charge of such ward: (a)
- (6) Detained in some industrial or probationary school:
- (7) Transferred with the approval of the Minister to some reformatory school to which such ward might be lawfully committed.

Provided always that in case it comes to the knowledge of the Minister that any ward committed under this Act or under the Act hereby repealed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children has been leading an immoral or depraved life such ward shall be transferred to a reformatory school unless under the special circumstances of any case the Minister thinks that it would be inexpedient and it shall be the duty of the Secretary to take the proper steps for that purpose. Provided also that no ward shall be detained in any probationary school for more than six months without the authority in writing of the Minister who may from time to time authorize the detention of such ward for a further period so that the period of detention of such ward in a probationary school at one time does not exceed in the whole twelve months at the expiration of which period such ward must be dealt with in such other of the foregoing, ways as in the circumstances of the case seems proper. Provided also that no ward who has been transferred from a reformatory school or who has been residing in a brothel or associating or dwelling with a prostitute shall be boarded out without such information as to the case of such ward being given to the person with whom such ward is proposed to be boarded as is prescribed by or under the regulations of the Governor in Council for the time being in force in that

31. Every person with whom any ward of the Department for rewer to visit Neglected Children is boarded out placed or apprenticed shall from wards boarded time to time permit such ward to be visited and any place where such out &c. ward is or resides to be inspected by the Inspector or any person 1b.s.sl. authorized by or under the regulations of the Governor in Council for the time being in force in that behalf.

Held, that the Secretary could not of his own motion afterwards demand that the child be handed back to the custody of the Department.

Per Madden, C.7.—The Secretary under section 30 (5) has a right to place a ward with any suitable person willing to take it. Once he has so placed it he cannot demand it back unless the Governor in Council or the Minister orders it.—
In re Kay, ex parte Davis, 29 V.L.R., 685. See note to section 25.

⁽a) Notwithstanding this provision, it was held that the Secretary having once placed the child in the custody of a suitable person in accordance with the regulations could not of his own motion

⁽a) A., a ward of the Department for Neglected Children, had been placed with X., under section 30 (5) of the Neglected Children's Act 1890, corresponding with this section, and the regulations therounder. On the recommendation of the Secretary, indosed by the Minister, A. was handed over to Y. The regulations made provision for the Minister directing the subsequent removal of such a child but made no provision for the Secretary, doing so

Neglected Children's Act Secretary to have power of apprenticing wards of the Department.

32. The Secretary shall be deemed a person having the control of a public institution of an eleemosynary nature and all wards of the Department for Neglected Children shall be deemed children under his care or control within the meaning of the Master and Apprentice

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33. All members of the police force shall assist the Secretary and every superintendent or matron of an industrial or probationary school or receiving home in retaining or recovering the custody of any ward of the Department for Neglected Children who absconds or attempts to

PART V.—MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF WARDS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

Secretary to be guardian of the estates of children the care of the Department.

34. Whenever any child is or becomes a ward of the Department the Secretary shall be or become gnardian of the estate of such child to the exclusion of the father and every other guardian unless the Governor in Council otherwise orders, and shall continue such guardian until such child attains the age of eighteen years or such greater age not exceeding twenty-one years as the Governor in Council directs, unless such child is sooner discharged; and upon the commencement of this Act the Secretary shall become guardian of the estate of every child who is then an inmate of a reformatory school and shall continue such guardian so long as such child continues such inmate. Provided always that in any order directing any ward of the Department or any inmate to be discharged the Governor in Council may direct that the Secretary remain guardian of the estate of such ward or inmate until such ward or inmate attains the age of twenty-one years, and in such case the Secretary shall remain such guardian accordingly. Provided also that in any such case the Supreme Court may appoint any other person instead of the Secretary to be guardian of the estate of any such ward or inmate who has been discharged.

Power of the

35. The Secretary as guardian under the provisions of this Act Scoretary as guardian of the of the estate of any person with the consent of the Minister may—

Ib. s. 35. To manage and lease lands &c. (1) Manage and demise for any term not exceeding three years the lands of or to which any such person is seised possessed or entitled, and make allowances to and arrangements with all or any of the tenants or occupiers for the time being of the said lands, and accept surrenders of leases and tenancies as fully and effectually as such person if of the full age of twenty-one years could do:

To recover rents.

(2) Demand sue for collect and receive all the rents and profits which may be due to any such person, and give effectual receipts and discharges for such rents and profits or so much thereof as are received, and in case of nonpayment of the said rents and profits or any of them or any part thereof in the name and on behalf of such person enter into and upon all or any of the lands in respect of which any rents or profits are unpaid and for the same rents and profits and the costs and expenses in- Neglected curred by or incidental to the non-payment thereof dis- $^{Children's}$ Act train and the distresses then and there found dispose of in due course of law, and take and use all lawful proceedings and means for recovering and receiving the said rents and profits and for evicting and ejecting defaulting tenants and occupiers from all or any of the said lands and determining the tenancy or occupation thereof and for obtaining recovering and retaining possession of all or any of the lands held or occupied by such defaulters:

(3) Sue for and recover any wages or earnings due to any such to sue for wages

(4) In the name and on behalf of any such person commence and To take legal prosecute all actions suits claims demands and proceed-behalf of ward ings touching any lands estate interest or rights of any in other cases. such person or of his tenant therein or thereto, or touching any matter or thing whatsoever in which any such person or his real or personal estate or effects may be in any way interested affected or concerned:

(5) Appoint and remove at his pleasure any attorney or agent to appoint under him in respect of all or any of the matters afore-author said upon such terms and for such remuneration as the

Minister thinks fit.

36. Subject to any regulations of the Governor in Council for the Moneys received time being in force as to the earnings of wards of the Department or how dealt with. inmates all moneys which by virtue of this Act come into the hands 10. s. 36. or under the control of the Secretary on account of any person of whose estate the Secretary is guardian shall be paid to the receiver of revenue at Melbourne in such manner as the Governor in Council from time to time appoints and at such intervals as the Treasurer from time to time directs without any deduction, and such moneys shall be placed to a fund to be called "The State Wards' Fund," and every payment to be made by the Secretary shall be accompanied by a declaration that such payment includes all moneys received by the Secretary on account of any person of whose estate he is guardian under the provisions of this Act (not being earnings of any ward of the Department or inmate directed to be otherwise dealt with by the regulations of the Governor in Council) since the date of the last payment made by him, and such declaration shall be in the form prescribed by the regulations of the Governor in Council.

- 37. The receiver of revenue shall deduct such amount as is from Percentage time to time fixed by the Governor in Council, but not exceeding Five payable to revenue. pounds per cent., from the moneys paid to the credit of the State 15. s. 37. Wards' Fund, and the sum so deducted shall be passed to the credit of the consolidated revenue.
- 38. There shall be payable to His Majesty out of the moneys Payment to received on account of every person of whose estate the Secretary is account of guardian under the provisions of this Act, other than the earnings of maintenance. such person, such weekly sum for the maintenance of such person as 15. s. 38. the Minister directs; and whenever the Secretary pays to the receiver

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of revenue any moneys received on account of such person the Secretary shall certify the amount payable thereout on account of such maintenance, and the receiver of revenue shall deduct such amount from the moneys to be paid to the State Wards' Fund, and the moneys so deducted shall be passed to the credit of the consolidated

Expenses. Ib. s. 39.

39. All expenses lawfully incurred by the Secretary in executing the trusts or powers reposed in him by this Act for or on account of any person of whose estate he is guardian the amount of which is approved by the Minister shall be payable out of the moneys received on account of such estate.

Payment to the credit of any person of whose estate the Secre-40. When any person is entitled to receive any money out of the tary is or has been guardian under the provisions of this Act, the Secretary shall certify to an account in favour of the person so entitled upon the person so entitled subscribing a declaration that such account is true and just in every particular and that the estate upon which such claim is made is legally liable to satisfy such claim, and thereupon the Treasurer shall forthwith satisfy such claim to the extent of the fund standing to the credit of the estate upon which such

PART VI.-VISITORS TO SCHOOLS AND RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

Visiting committee. Ib. s. 41.

41. The Governor in Council may appoint for every receiving home and for every industrial and probationary school so many fit and proper persons as may be determined by the regulation hereunder in that behalf, and in default of any such determination as seems desirable, a majority of whom reside in the locality, to be a visiting committee, and the members of such visiting committee shall from time to time visit such home or school as occasion requires and may report to the Minister as to them seems fit.

Ib. s. 42.

42. Subject to the regulations of the Governor in Council all ministers of religion or any person being duly authorized by the recognised head of any religious denomination shall have admission to every receiving home and to every industrial and probationary school maintained at the sole expense of the State, and access to such of the persons placed or detained therein as are members of their respective denominations, and may give instruction to them on the days and at the times allotted by such regulations for the religious education of such persons of their respective denominations.

Other visitors.

43. Subject to the regulations of the Governor in Council all persons authorized in that behalf by the Minister all Executive Councillors all Members of either House of Parliament all Judges of Courts (whether of record or otherwise) and all justices shall be entitled to visit every receiving home and every industrial or probationary school, and shall have admission to the same accordingly.

Visitors' book. Ib. s. 44.

44. Every person who by virtue of the provisions hereinbefore contained is entitled to visit any such home or school as aforesaid and every minister of religion may inscribe in a book (to be for that purpose provided and kept in such home or school by the superintendent or $\frac{N_{Qlected}}{Children's}$ and remarks or observations which he thinks fit to $\frac{Children's}{Sol}$. make touching or concerning such home or school and the superintendent matron teachers officers or servants or the persons placed or detained therein or any of them, and such book shall be produced to the inspector whenever he visits such home or school.

PART VII.-LIABILITY OF PARENTS FOR MAINTENANCE.

- 45. Every parent of any child who is a ward of the Department or Amount payable an inmate of a reformatory school shall be liable to pay for or towards fixed. the maintenance of every such child during the period such child 15. s. 45. remains a ward of the Department or such inmate a periodical sum not exceeding Twelve shillings a week; to be fixed in manner hereinafter
 - (1) By the judge or chairman of the court by which or the children's court by which such child is committed, by the order committing such child or any subsequent order made within one month after such child is committed:
- (2) In any other case by any two justices in or out of sessions. The judge chairman court or justices in fixing the amount to be paid as aforesaid shall have regard to the ability of the parent against whom such order is made to maintain or contribute to the maintenance of such child, and in case of any parent liable to contribute to the maintenance of any child under any order made under any repealed Act the amount payable under such order shall be taken as part of the Twelve shillings a week aforesaid so that no parent shall be compelled to pay more than Twelve shillings a week in respect of any one child under this Act and under any such order. Provided always that no parent shall be liable to pay anything for the maintenance of any such child in respect of any time during which such child is not chargeable to His Majesty.
- 46. The amount of the sum payable by any parent under the pro- Power to visions of this Act may be from time to time increased by any two amount. justices in or out of sessions to any amount not exceeding the maximum Ib. s. 46. if such parent is able to pay such greater amount.
- 47. Any order fixing or increasing the sum payable by any parent reworte make may name any day not earlier than the day on which the child was com- order retrospective. mitted to the care of the Department or to a reformatory school or be- 13. 8. 47. came an inmate of an industrial or a reformatory school (as the case may be) as from which the payment or increased payment is to take place, and such parent shall be liable to make such payment or increased payment accordingly.
- 48. The judge or chairman of the court or the children's court Judge &c. committing any child to the care of the Department for Neglected Chil-parent to order dren or to a reformatory school shall by the same order fix the amount in first instance payable by the parent or parents for the maintenance of such child if it the evidence the evidence before such judge chairman or court is sufficient. Ib. s. 48.

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Neglected Children's Act Order may be made either while the child is inmate. adt to buew o Department or afterwards.

49. An order fixing or increasing the sum payable by any parent may be made at any time either while the child remains a ward of the Department or inmate or after the child has ceased to be such ward or

50. In any proceeding for fixing or increasing the amount of the sum payable by any parent for the maintenance of any child under the showing inability to pay provisions of this Part such parent shall be presumed to be able to pay to be on parent the sum of Twelve shillings a week unless the contrary is shown; and ordered to give any parent may be ordered by the judge chairman court or justices to enter into recognisances with or without some sufficient surety or sureties conditioned for compliance with the order as to payment of maintenance and to be imprisoned until such recognisances are entered

51. Applications to fix or increase the sum payable by any parent; By whom 51. Applications to fix or increase the sum payable by any parent, applications may or to vary or revoke any order suspending or dispensing with payment or to recover payment of the same, may be made by or on behalf of any person authorized by any general or special order of the Minister.

Maintenance money how payable. Ib. s. 52.

52. Every such sum shall be a debt due to His Majesty by such parent, and shall be paid by such parent at the several times appointed for paying the same to some clerk of petty sessions or other collector of imposts appointed by the Governor in Council to receive the same.

Certificate &c. in

53. No sequestration liquidation by arrangement certificate of disinsolvency not a charge release from sequestration discharge or acceptance of a composition under any law now or hereafter to be in force relating to insolvency shall discharge any parent from liability to pay any such sum or any

Persons too poor to pay may be relieved from Ib. s. 54.

54. If any parent liable under the provisions of this Act to pay any such sum as aforesaid is so poor as to be unable to pay the said sum, any two justices in or out of sessions may upon the application of any such parent from time to time make an order suspending payment of the whole or any part of such sum for any time not exceeding six months, or reducing the amount payable or altogether dispensing with payment of the said sum, and any two such justices may from time to time upon the application of any person authorized as aforesaid vary or revoke any such order, and payment of such sum or any part thereof of which payment is suspended shall not be enforced while such suspension lasts, but no such parent shall be therefore discharged from liability to pay the same.

Payment may be Ib. s. 55.

55. In addition to any other remedy for the recovery thereof every such sum and every part thereof may be recovered before any court of petty sessions on the complaint of any person authorized as aforesaid to sue for the same; and if such parent does not pay the amount due forthwith or within any time not exceeding seven days that the court fixes or prove to the satisfaction of the court that he has not then and has not had since the order made against him sufficient means and ability to pay the amount due or any part thereof and that he does not intend to go away with intent to evade payment such parent shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour if the amount due

does not exceed Twenty pounds for a term of not more than one Neglected month, and if the amount due exceeds Twenty pounds for a term of Children's Met not more than three months unless the amount due is sooner paid, or unless security is given with one or more sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of any two justices for payment of such amount and costs by instalments or otherwise within such reasonable time as to such justices seems fit.

56. No imprisonment as aforesaid shall discharge any parent imprisonment from his liability to pay any sum he has not paid, but no parent shall to be ordered he imprisoned twice for non-payment of the same arrears. be imprisoned twice for non-payment of the same arrears.

57. If it is made to appear to any justice upon the complaint in warrant may writing of any person authorized as aforesaid to sue for the same that issue in the first instance for any parent has neglected to pay any such sum or any part thereof to arrest of parent. the clerk of the court or other collector of imposts appointed to receive 15.8.57. the same on any day on which the same is payable, such justice may issue his warrant for apprehending such parent and bringing him before a court of petty sessions to answer the said complaint and to be further dealt with according to law, but a summons may issue in the first instance instead of a warrant if that is thought more desirable.

58. In this Part of this Act "parent" includes father mother Definition of stepfather or stepmother and any person against whom an order of "parent." affiliation has been made as the putative father of any illegitimate 15. c. 58. child and also includes mother or stepmother notwithstanding a father or stepfather of the child is alive, also the putative father of any illegitimate child which he has recognised as his though no order of affiliation has been made against him.(a)

And where more persons than one are liable to contribute to the where several maintenance of any child under the provisions of this Part one order liable. may be made against all of them or separate orders may be made against each or any of them jointly or severally as to the judge chairman court or justices seems fit, so that such persons shall not be liable to pay more than Twelve shillings a week in the aggregate in respect of any one child.

within the meaning of this section.—Buswell v. White, 24 V.L.R., 486.

To bring a man within the definition of "parent" it is not sufficient to prove facts from which an inference may be drawn that he is the father of the child, but it must be shown either that an affiliation order has been made against him in respect of the child, or that he has recognised the child as his .- Nedwell v. Shirley, 14

The word "stepfather" in this section means the husband of the mother of a child who is the offspring of the mother by a former busband of hers, and does not apply to the illegitimate offspring of the woman, born before marriage, of a man other than her present husband.—Irwin v. Sholl, 22 V.L.R., 640.

⁽a) An order for the maintenance of an illegitimate child, made by a court of petty sessions against the alleged father, was quashed by the court of general sessions. The child was subsequently made a ward of the Department for Neglected Children. On an information on behalf of the Department, an order was made against the alleged father, as being the "parent" of the child, for the payment of a weekly sum for the child's maintenance : Held, that the justices had jurisdiction to make the last-mentioned order. The facts that a man, alleged to be the father of an illegitimate child, has written to the mother in such terms as are to be construed to be a recognition of the child as his, and has sent her a sum of money, are evidence upon which justices may find that he is a putative father who has recognised the child, and, therefore, a parent

Neglected Children's Act 1890 s.59. Constables to

59. All clerks of courts and members of the police force shall assist every collector of imposts appointed to receive the same in the recovery of the moneys payable to His Majesty by the parents of assist in collecting money wards of the Department and inmates, and in particular by obtaining and furnishing information as to the residence occupation movements and means of every such parent who is in or leaves any district of which such clerk or member of the police force has charge or in which he is on duty.

Percentage payable to

60. For the more effectual enforcing the liability of parents of wards of the Department and inmates to contribute to their maintenance a percentage upon the moneys received from parents hereunder or under any previous Act may be paid out of the consolidated revenue to any persons authorized by the Governor in Council who have assisted in recovering such moneys not being persons bound to devote their whole time to the public service by virtue of any other engagement, and the consolidated revenue is hereby appropriated for that purpose accordingly; and such percentage shall be of such amount and payable to such persons and on such conditions as may be for the time being determined by the regulations of the Governor in

PART VIII.—COMMITTAL TO THE CARE OF PRIVATE PERSONS.

Power to the approve private persons or institutions to Ib. s. 61.

61. Any private person and any institution formed by private persons empowered in that behalf desirous of taking charge of a neglected child or neglected children gratuitously may be from time to time approved by the Governor in Council as a person or institution to whose care neglected children may be committed under the provisions of this Act, and the Governor in Council may revoke any such order; and every such order approving of any such institution and every revocation of any such order approving of any such institution shall be published in the Government Gazette.

62. Every order approving any institution as an institution to be approved by the care of which neglected children may be committed hereunder the Severnor in Council Gracit shall name some person as the manager of such institution, and when evidence of their from time to time the manager of any such institution is changed the name of such new manager shall be submitted to the Governor in Council for his approval, and the order approving of such manager shall be published in the Government Gazette, and any copy of the Government Gazette purporting to contain any such order shall be conclusive evidence that the person named therein on that behalf is the manager of any such institution.

Power to judge

63. Where any judge or chairman of any court or any children's justices &c. to commit children court is empowered to commit any child to the care of the Department to the care of the such colors for Neglected Children such judge chairman or court may commit instead of the such child to the care of any person or institution for the time being approved by the Governor in Council hereunder as a person or institution to whose care neglected children may be committed, which person or institution by writing under his hand or the hand of its manager (as the case may be) may consent to accept the care of such

64. Whenever any child is committed to the care of any person Neglected or institution as aforesaid such person or the manager of such 1890 s. 64. institution shall become the guardian of the person and estate of such Approved child to the exclusion of the father and every other guardian until such manager of child attains the age of eighteen years or such greater age not exceeding approved institution to twenty-one years as the Governor in Council directs, unless such whose care child is sooner discharged, and such person shall have the sole right committed to to the custody of such child, and such manager shall have the sole guardians. right to the custody of such child as on behalf of such institution, subject in both cases to the provisions of this Act and to the regulations of the Governor in Council in force hereunder.

65. Upon the publication of any order of the Governor in Council New managers hereunder in the Government Gazette approving of any person as the institutions to manager of any such institution in the place of any other person, the succeed to the guardianship. manager so approved shall become the guardian of the person of every Ib. s. 65. child of whose person and of the estate of every child of whose estate the manager in whose place he is so approved was the guardian under the provisions of this Part in the place of the manager in whose place he is so approved.

66. No judge chairman or court shall commit any child to the Child not to be care of any such person or institution if the father or other person committed to care of approved having the right to direct in what religion such child shall be educated person or object, or so that such child may be educated in a religion different institution from that in which it would be the duty of any guardian of such child appointed by the Supreme Court to direct such child to be educated.

Bulleton soas to be educated in a different different policion.

67. The father of any child or the mother of any child being Power to father the guardian of such child may by writing signed before a justice or mother being of the peace commit the care of such child to any person or institution transfer that approved by the Governor in Council as a person or institution guardianshi approved by the Governor in Council as a person or institution appropriate to the council as a person of the council as a person of the council as a person of the council as a person or institution appropriate to the council as a person of the to whose care neglected children may be committed, and such person approved person or institution. or institution by writing under his hand or the hand of its manager 15. s. 67. (as the case may be) may consent to accept the care of such child, and thereupon such person or the manager of such institution on behalf of such institution shall become the guardian of the person and estate of such child during its minority, to the exclusion of such father or mother and every other guardian.

any place where such child is or resides to be inspected by the inspector or any person authorized by or under the regulations of the Governor in Council for the time being in force in that behalf.

69. Upon the death of any person having the care of any child Transmission of by virtue of any order made under this Part, or upon the revocation of upon death of the order approving of any such person or of any institution, the approved person of Governor in Council may appoint some other person or institution approval of approved as aforesaid in place of the person so dying or the person or institution. institution the order approving of whom or which is revoked, and Ib. s. 69.

68. Every person or institution to whose care any child is approved committed under the provisions of this Act, whether by any judge person or institution to chairman or court or by the father or mother of such child, and every permit children to be visited and person intrusted with the care of any such child by any such person or inspected institution shall from time to time permit such child to be visited and 16. c. 68.

(a) See section 336 of the Crimes Act 1915.

thereupon the same consequences shall ensue as upon an order of any judge chairman or court made under the provisions of this Part committing the care of every child of whom such person or institution was guardian by virtue of any order made under this Part to the care of the person or institution so appointed, and in the meantime unless and until such other person or institution is so appointed the same consequences shall ensue as if upon the date of such death or of the revocation of such order an order had been made hereunder committing every child of whom such person or institution was guardian by virtue of any order made under the provisions of this Part to the care of the Department for Neglected Children.

A person or institution may be appointed in the place of a person or institution the order approving of whom or which is revoked by the order by which the revocation is made or by any subsequent order.

The order appointing an institution in the place of another institution shall be published in the Government Gazette.

Guardianship of Ib. s 70.

70. Upon the revocation of any order approving of any person or approved person institution as a person or institution to whose care neglected children may be committed, such person or the manager of such institution shall cease to be guardian of the person or estate of any child under the provisions of this Part, whether such child is under the care of such person or institution by virtue of any order made under this Part or of any writing signed as aforesaid by the father or mother of such child.

71. Every order committing a child to the care of any approved person or institution hereunder may be in such form as is prescribed by approved person the regulations of the Governor in Council for the time being in force in that behalf or to the like effect, and such order or an office copy thereof without any warrant shall be a sufficient authority for any member of the police force to take such child to such person or

Warrant for

72. No warrant shall be necessary to authorize the detention of detention of child in the care of any approved person or institution hereunder, approved person but if the right to the custody of such child is called in question by habeas corpus or otherwise, it shall be sufficient to give in evidence the order committing such child to the care of such person or institution and to show that such child is detained by the authority of such person or institution or the manager of such institution.

Power to transfer child Ib. s. 73.

73. If any person or institution having the care of any child by virtue of any order made under the provisions of this Part or the to the tarred, witten of any order made under the provisions of this Part or the the Department manager of any such institution desires for any cause sufficient in the for Neglected opinion of the children's court to be relieved of the care of such child. opinion of the children's court to be relieved of the care of such child, such court may order such child to be committed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children.

Child not to be

74. No person who whether as manager of any institution or otherwise is guardian of the person of any child by virtue of any order under the provisions of this Part shall remove such child or suffer such child to be removed out of Victoria without the consent of the Minister being first obtained.

75. Every person who whether as the manager of any institution Neglected or otherwise is guardian of the estate of any child under the pro-1880 s. 76. visions of this Part shall keep proper accounts of his receipts and quardian of expenditure as such guardian in such form (if any) as is for the time accounts. being prescribed by the regulations of the Governor in Council in force hereunder, and shall once at least in every year forward copies of such accounts to the Attorney-General.

76. Where any child being then destitute has been without children objection on the part of its father or other gnardian received into any and maintained asylum for the care and management of destitute children incorporated in asylums without under Part I. of the Hospitals and Charities Act 1915 or any Act objection on thereby repealed or the Act No. 220 the by-laws of which have been fathers or approved by the Governor in Council and maintained at the expense rungilans for two years not of such asylum for a period of two years or upwards, the father or removable other guardian of such child shall not be entitled to remove such child comment of the out of the custody of such asylum or the committee thereof without the conder of the consent of such committee or the order of the Governor in Council unless Governor in Council unless such father or guardian can show that he was ignorant that such child Ib. s. 76. was being so maintained and that he has not been guilty of negligence with regard to such child during the period such child has been so maintained, and the committee of such asylum shall have the custody of the person of such child until such child attains the age of eighteen years.

PART IX.—EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN.(a)

77. Any child under the age at which attendance at school ceases Registration of to be compulsory under any law now or hereafter to be in force relating children under any law now or hereafter to be in force relating children under the compulsory under any law now or hereafter to be in force relating children under the compulsory under the computation of the com to education may be registered for the purpose of this Act in manner rb. s. 77. hereinafter appearing. Such child accompanied by its parent, or if the child is not resident with its parent by some adult person with whom such child resides, may apply to a clerk of petty sessions at a place near which such child resides and deliver to such clerk either a certificate of an inspector of schools that such child has been educated up to the standard or a certificate or certificates by the head master or teacher of some State or other school showing that such child has attended school the number of days required by law during the preceding twelve months, and inform such clerk of the name age and residence of such child and of the name residence and occupation of its father, or if it has no father of its mother, or if the child has neither father nor mother of some adult person with whom the child is or has recently been residing and the clerk shall enter the said particulars in a book, and the parent or other adult person accompanying such child shall sign the same, and thereupon the clerk shall certify under his hand that the child had been registered on that date, and the registration of any child may be renewed in like manner. Every registration of a child for the purposes of this Act shall continue in force for a period of twelve months and not longer.

78. If any person after the commencement of this Act knowingly Penalty on or without reasonable excuse the proof whereof shall be on such person employing a child under keeps or takes in or into any casual employment any child under the certain age who is not registered. age at which attendance at school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases to be compulsory under any 15 not reprint the school ceases the school cease the school ceases th

(a) See also the Education Act 1915, section 35.

law now or hereafter to be in force relating to education not duly registered under the provisions of this Act or after the registration of any such child has expired, every person so offending shall be liable to a penalty of not more than One pound for every day such child is so in his employ and of not more than Five pounds in the whole.

[6 GEO. V.

forging or fraudulently obtaining or

79. If any person for the purpose of obtaining a certificate of registration under the provisions of this Act of any child signs any statement not true to the best of such person's knowledge information and belief, he shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term of not more than fourteen days, and any person who forges any such certificate or produces or uses any such certificate which is to the knowledge of such person forged or fraudulently obtained shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term of not more than six months.

PART X.—OFFENCES PENALTIES AND LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

80. Any person who without lawful authority or excuse—

Penalty for entering schools &c. or holding communication with wards of the Department. Ib. s. 80.

(a) Holds or attempts to hold any communication with any ward of the Department for Neglected Children in any receiving home industrial or probationary school or any child in any institution approved by the Governor in Council hereunder; or

(b) Enters any receiving home industrial or probationary school or any building yard or ground belonging thereto or to any such institution as aforesaid and does not depart therefrom when required to do so by the superintendent matron or other officer or servant of such home institution or school,

shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Twenty pounds.

Penalty for allowing ward of the Department to Ib. s. 81.

Penalty for inducing any ward of the

Department to abscond &c. or ill-treating any such ward.

81. If the superintendent or matron of any receiving home industrial or probationary school or any teacher officer or servant thereof negligently or voluntarily permits any ward of the Department to escape, every person so offending shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Twenty pounds.

82. Any person who directly or indirectly—

(1) Withdraws unlawfully any ward of the Department for Neglected Children or child or counsels or induces any such ward or child to abscond from any receiving home industrial or probationary school or institution approved by the Governor in Council hereunder or from any person to or with whom such ward or child is licensed placed or boarded out or who has custody of such child under the provisions of this Act; or

(2) Knowing any such ward or child to have been so withdrawn or to have so absconded harbours or conceals or assists in harbouring or concealing such ward or child or prevents such ward or child from returning to the home school or

institution from which or the person from whom such Neglected ward or child has been so withdrawn or has so absconded; child

(3) Being a person to or with whom any such ward or child is licensed placed or boarded out or having the control of any such child ill-treats or neglects to discharge his duty to such ward or child,

shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term of not more than fourteen

83. Any person who-

(1) For the purpose of prostitution or defilement inveigles or of the entices any unmarried female ward of the Department for Department Neglected Children or child apparently under the age of 15. s. 83. eighteen years from any receiving home industrial or probationary school or institution or from the house or other place where or from any person to or with whom she is licensed placed boarded out or apprenticed under the provisions of this Act or to whose custody she is committed; or

(2) Being the person to or with whom such female is licensed placed or apprenticed carnally knows any such female who is apparently under the age of eighteen years; or

(3) Aids or assists any person in any of the foregoing offences, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not of more than three years. Provided that no conviction shall be had under the provisions of this section on the unsupported testimony of any one witness, nor unless proceedings are taken within six months after the commission of the offence. Provided also that nothing in this section shall exempt any person from prosecution under any other law, but no person shall be punished for the same offence both under this section and any other law.

84. If any ward of the Department for Neglected Children is Power to guilty of any misbehaviour, of which the Minister shall be the sole forfeit or retain earnings judge-

(1) The Minister may order the whole or any part of any moneys Ib. s. 84. to which such ward is entitled, invested on deposit under any law now or hereafter to be in force relating to the State Savings Bank, to be applied in making good to His Majesty or any other person any loss or expense occasioned by the misbehaviour of such ward. And for the purpose of carrying out the powers contained in this section the Minister may sign an order directing payment to the Secretary or his order of the whole or any part of such money, and the person or persons having by law power to pay such money shall pay the same accordingly.

(2) The Minister may direct the whole of such moneys to be withheld from such ward, notwithstanding such ward has come of age, until proof of the good conduct of such ward for a period of twelve months is given to the satisfaction of the Minister.

Neglected Children's Act 1890 s. 85. Constable to apprehend offenders without

85. For the more effectual prosecution of all offences against this Act, any person found committing any such offence may be immediately apprehended without a warrant by any member of the police force and forthwith taken before some neighbouring justice to be dealt with according to law.

Consent of the

86. No proceedings shall be taken in any court touching the Attorney-General required conduct of the Secretary as guardian of the person or estate of any person or in respect of anything done or omitted or purported to be done or omitted under the provisions of this Act without the previous consent in writing of the Attorney-General.

Tb. s. 86. Determination

87. When for the purpose of exercising any of the powers conferred by this Act it is necessary to determine the age of any person the court or justices dealing with the case shall determine such age as they are best able having regard to the evidence before them, or if there is no other sufficient evidence to the appearance of such person, and every order directing any person to be committed to the care of the Department for Neglected Children or to a reformatory school or to the care of any person or institution shall state the age of the person so committed as determined by the court or justices making such order, and the statement of the age of any such person contained in any such order shall be conclusive for the purposes of this Act.

PART XI.—REGULATIONS OF THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Power to make regulations.

- 88. The Governor in Council may from time to time by order, to be published in the Government Gazette, make alter and repeal regulations for the following purposes:-
 - (1) The conduct management inspection and supervision of receiving homes industrial and probationary schools:
 - (2) The employment education supervision and correction of wards of the Department for Neglected Children. Provided that no such regulation shall permit any corporal punishment except such as may be lawfully inflicted by schoolmasters:
 - (3) The boarding out of wards of the Department for Neglected
 - (4) The placing out at service or apprenticing of wards of the Department for Neglected Children either on land or at
 - (5) Fixing what (if any) percentage upon moneys recovered from parents shall be paid to persons who have assisted in recovering the same, and the persons to whom and the times at which and the conditions on which such percentage is to be paid:

(6) Prescribing the forms of orders warrants bonds and other instruments to be used by courts judges justices the various officers mentioned in this Act and others in carrying into execution this Act:

(7) The collection and investment and deposit of any earnings of any ward of the Department for Neglected Children and the application thereof or any part thereof:

(8) Prescribing the method of keeping accounts of payments and Neglected Children's Act moneys payable under the provisions of this Act:

(9) Prescribing the times and conditions during and under which and not longer or otherwise children committed under the provisions of this Act to the care of any private person or institution may be boarded together in any school or asylum or establishment of a like nature:

(10) For the various purposes mentioned in this Act and generally for carrying this Act into effect.

89. All regulations of the Governor in Council made hereunder Regulations to shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within ten days after Parliament. the publication thereof if Parliament is then sitting, or if not then 10. s. se. sitting then within ten days from the next assembling of Parliament.

90. The regulations of the Governor in Council relating to Continuation of neglected children in force at the commencement of this Act under any under repealed repealed Acts shall until repealed or altered have the same force and Acts. effect as if made under this Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Section 2.

Number of Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of Appeal.
1121	Neglected Children's Act 1890	The whole.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Section 24

FORM A .- ORDER OF COMMITTAL TO THE CARE OF A REFORMATORY SCHOOL

Neglected Children's Act 1915, Section 24. The State of Victoria, L. Name of child. 2. Place where found. Bailiwick To Wit. 3. Boy or girl.
4. Date to be inserted only Be it remembered that on the in the said State, a3 of2 of the if the age can years on the be exactly determined. day of last past is proved to the satisfact on of us the undersigned constituting the Children's Court at 5. Place where that the said is a neglected child inasmuch as6 ol at sitting, the 6. Here state to be committed to the Reformatory School at and we adjudge the said in the said State, and we further adjudge that? the ground or grounds upon which the parent of the said pay the sum of shillings every week for and towards the maintenance of the said the first payment to be made on day next; and such payments are to be child is found the clerk of petty sessions at or such other person as neglected may for the time being be appointed by the Governor in Council to receive the same.

Given under our hands at 19

in the said State the

day parent.

neglected child,

7. Name of parent.

SECOND SCHEDULE -continued.

1, Name of child, Form B.—Order of Committal to the Care of the Department for Neglected CHILDREN. 2. Place where

Neglected Children's Act 1915, Section 24.

The State of Victoria, Bailiwick,

3. Boy or girl.
4. Date to be inserted only if the exact age can be determined. To Wit. Be it remembered that on the Place where court is sitting.

in the said State, a8 court is sisting. of years on the day of last past is 6. Here state the ground or proved to the satisfaction of us the undersigned constituting the Children's Court at 5 is a neglected child inasmund as 6 is a neglected child inasmund as 6

grounds upon which the said is a neglected c which the and we adjudge the said to be committed to be a for Neglected Children; and we further adjudge that? to be committed to the care of the Department the parent of the shillings every week for or towards the said pay the sum of maintenance of the said the first payment to be made on

day next; and such payments are to be made to the clerk of petty sessions or such other person as may for the time being be appointed by the Governor in Council to receive the same.

Given under our hands at 19 .

in the said State the

day

of the age

NEWSPAPERS.

[See Printers and Newspapers Act 1915.]

NUISANCES.

[See Health Act 1915.]

NULLITY OF MARRIAGE.

[See Marriage Act 1915.]

OATHS.

[See Evidence Act 1915.]

OBSCENE PUBLICATIONS.

[See Police Offences Act 1915.]

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

[See Health Act 1915.]

OPIUM.

[See Poisons Act 1915.]

PARTITION.

[See Real Property Act 1915.]

PARTNERSHIP ACT 1915.

An Act to consolidate the Law relating to Partner- 6 GEORGE V., ship and the Registration of Firms.

[6th September, 1915.]

 ${
m B}^{
m E}$ it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the partnership set advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative 1891. Assembly of Victoria in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say):-

1. This Act may be cited as the Partnership Act 1915, and shall short title and come into operation on the first day of October One thousand nine commencement. hundred and fifteen, and is divided into Parts as follows :-

PART I.—Partnership ss. 3-48.

PART II.—Registration of Firms ss. 49-67.

2. The Acts mentioned in the First Schedule to this Act to the Repeal. extent thereby expressed to be repealed are hereby repealed. Provided Schedule. that such repeal shall not affect any regulation or order made or any registration effected or any liability incurred or any matter or thing done under the said repealed Acts or either of them before the commencement of this Act.

PART I.—PARTNERSHIP.

3. (1) In the construction of this Part unless inconsistent with Interpretation. the context or subject-matter-

. "Court" includes every court and judge having jurisdiction in a section in a sect

"Business" includes every trade occupation or profession.

4. The rules of equity and of common law applicable to partner-saving of rules ship shall continue in force except so far as they are inconsistent common law. with the express provisions of this Act.